

**RULES FOR THE EFFECTIVE MANAGEMENT OF RECORDING**

**AT LOCAL COUNCIL AND PARISH MEETINGS**

The right to record, film and to broadcast meetings of the Council and Parish meetings, its committees, sub committees and any joint committees is established under the Openness of Local Government Regulations 2014. This is an addition to the rights of the press and public to attend such meetings.

Hunmanby Parish Council/Parish Meeting is committed to being open and transparent in the way it conducts its decision making. For the purpose of this policy the term “record” means any form of audio, visual or electronic recording. Such recording is permitted under the lawful direction of the Council/Parish meeting.

Hunmanby Parish Council understands that some members of the public attending its meetings may not wish to be recorded and the Chairman of the meeting will facilitate this by ensuring that any such request will be respected by those making a recording. Any member of the public who does not wish to be recorded should make this known to the Clerk or the Chairman prior to the commencement of the meeting.

The rules that the Council/Parish meeting will apply are:

1. The Council/Parish meeting will display requirements as to filming, recording and broadcasting at its meeting venues and on its website or on notice boards in the parish and those undertaking these activities will be deemed to have accepted them whether they have read them or not.

2. A copy of these rules will be provided to members of the public in attendance at a meeting of the Council/Parish whether they wish to film or not at the meeting. The Chairman may also verbally remind the meeting and all present of the freedom to record but that these rules **must** be observed when this is planned or taking place.

3. The Council/Parish meeting will define an area from which recording may be carried out and, if given advance notice, will strive to ensure that reasonable facilities are made available to any person wishing to record, e.g. a provision of a table. However, the Council/Parish meeting should point out that the physical layout of a room may restrict the Council/Parish meeting's ability to make any provision. The Council/Parish meeting requests that all visual recording will be undertaken from a static point to avoid disruption at the meeting due to the size of the room being used.

4. Where the press and public are excluded from a meeting or part of a meeting owing to the confidential nature of the business to be transacted; recording of that meeting or that part of the meeting will not be permitted.

5. Any children or young people under the age of 18 who are present at the meeting are not to be filmed unless their parents/guardians have given their written consent. This provision also applies to vulnerable adults, whereby the consent of a responsible adult is required for recording, i.e. a medical professional, carer or legal guardian.

6. All those visually recording a meeting are requested to focus only on recording councillors, officers, those members of the public who have not requested anonymity or have been identified as under the age of 18 or a vulnerable adult.

7. The Council/Parish meeting may, at its own discretion, require members of the public who do not consent to being recorded to sit separately from those who are content to be recorded.

8. All recording must be overt (i.e. be clearly visible to anyone at the meeting).

9. Members of the public are permitted to film or record meetings to which they are permitted access in a non-disruptive manner. The use of digital and social media recording tools, for example Twitter, blogging or audio recording are allowed as long as this type of recording is carried out in a non-distracting way and only to the extent that it does not interfere with any person's ability even where he or she has a disability, to follow the debate.

10. A person or persons making a recording has no right to interrupt a Council/Parish meeting by asking questions or making comments. The person recording has no right to ask councillors, officers or any members of the public who have been given permission to contribute orally to the meeting to repeat a statement for the purposes of the recording.

11. The Chairman of the meeting has absolute discretion to stop or suspend recording if, in his/her opinion, continuing to do so would prejudice proceedings at the meeting or if the person recording is in breach of these rules.

12. Persons who are recording must not leave equipment unattended.

13. The recording and reporting on meetings of the Council/Parish meeting its committees and sub-committees is subject to the law and it is the responsibility of those doing the recording and reporting to ensure compliance. This will include the Human Rights Act, the Data Protection Act and the laws of libel and defamation. The recording should not be edited in a way that could lead to misinterpretation or misrepresentation of the proceedings or infringement of the Council/Parish meeting's values or in a way that ridicules or shows a lack of respect for those in the recording. The Council/Parish meeting would expect any recording in breach of these rules to be removed from public view. The Council/Parish meeting will have no liability for material published by any other person unless it is itself undertaking the publication through its offices.

14. The Clerk should be contacted in advance of the meeting if the recording device being used involves equipment which is larger than a smart phone, tablet or compact camera or if the person recording has other special requirements. The use of lighting for filming/flash photography will usually be allowed if it is arranged via the Clerk prior to the meeting but the Council/Parish meeting will have regard to the impact of such lighting on the ability of others present to view the meeting, or for reasons of health, and may require that such lighting is not used or is reduced to a level which does not adversely affect other people. The lighting must not cause any other form or disruption.

15. The Council/Parish meeting may itself photograph, film, record or broadcast meetings and can retain use or dispose of such material in accordance with its retention and disposal policies. Where a council proposes to record all of its own meetings it will be bound by this policy. Where a Council/Parish meeting proposes to record all of its own meetings, it will resolve how long such recordings will be kept and how members of the public may obtain copies. The Council/Parish meeting will include such recordings within its Publication Scheme.

16. The Council/Parish meeting is not liable for the actions of any person making a recording at a council meeting which identifies a member of the public or for any publication of that recording.

17. The minutes of a Council meeting remain the statutory and legally binding formal record of Council decisions.

Date of policy adoption........................................... Date of policy review..........................................